



# HCI Completion Report

for Intermediary and Partner use

Please make sure that all items listed below are submitted:	
✓Y/N	Needs assessment survey to identify beneficiaries.
✓Y/N	List of beneficiaries and proof that they meet selection criteria
✓Y/N	All Receipt and Contracts (ie staff, construction, specialists)
✓Y/N	Final Budget and expense summaries for each budget line
✓Y/N	Proof of payment, i.e. bank statement and cheque copies
✓Y/N	At least 20 good quality photos
✓Y/N	At least 1 video
✓Y/N	Written testimonials from at least 3 beneficiaries

\*\*\* All questions listed below are required\*\*\*

1. Organization Name (Legal Full Name) *
SUROVI
2. What location was the project implemented at? *
The project implemented in 6 districts namely 1. Dhaka South City Corporation: Kamrangirchar - 2 Cows Dhalpur - 1 Cow Dhanmondi Area: Slum and street dwellers in Dhanmondi, Kalabagan, Kathalbagan, Hatirpul, Green Road, New Market, Azimpur, Royer Bazar, Lalbagh – 19 Cow 2. Dhaka North City Corporation: Mirpur - 2 Cow



Outside Dhaka (8 Cows):

- |                                    |         |
|------------------------------------|---------|
| 3. Hajigonj in Chandpur district   | -1 Cow  |
| 4. Kachua in Chandpur District     | - 1 Cow |
| 5. Rupgonj in Narayongonj District | - 3 Cow |
| 6. Sonargaon, Narayangonj          | - 1 Cow |
| 7. Morrelgonj in Bagerhat District | - 1 Cow |
| 8. Durgapur in Netrakon District   | - 1 Cow |
| 9. Durmut in Jamalpur district     | - 1Cow  |

Total Number of Cow 33

3. What was the start and end date of the project? \*

Start date: 01 June, 2023

End date : 31 July, 2023

**\*\*\* Please ensure that all answers below are a minimum of 200 words (roughly 10 lines). \*\*\***

4. Did you face any challenges implementing any of the activities? Were there any changes made to the proposal? Were the main outcomes and objectives met? \*

SUROVI faces the following challenges this year:

Heavy rain in the whole day of Eid Ul Adha interrupted the project implementation during preparation and distribution of Qurbani meat.

Yes, we had to change locations of the project by adding Netrokona District and drop one location named Bogura District for covering most under privileged people as per survey report.

The “Qurbani 2023 in Bangladesh” project aimed to ensure food security and the mental well-being of families living under the poverty line. Selected families who are unable to afford cost of purchasing animal or manage meat to celebrate Eid-ul-Adha have receive a quantity of 5 kg fresh meat on the occasion. The beneficiary families could taste meat full of contents and had a good time during the Eid festival, the children, elderly and other members of beneficiary’s families could also meet their nutritional requirements.



The project achieved the outcomes and objectives as intended.

5. How many households and total beneficiaries benefited from each activity? Are these numbers different from what was intended in the original proposal? *\*Please break down the total numbers by age and gender.\**

A total of 680 households are benefitted from the project support. Number of total population is 4080 considering 6 members per family. The men, women and children are segregated here.

The number of beneficiaries projected in the original proposal:

Men 600  
 Women 700  
 Boys 1100 (up to 18 years)  
 Girls 1100 (up to 18 years)  
 Total 3400 (total number of families 680 and per family 5 persons on average)

The project reached out 680 families and 4080 persons, per family 6 persons on average.

Sl	Name of Project Locations	District	No. of beneficiary Families	Qty. of Meat per Family	Total Qty. of Meat (Kg)	Total Beneficiary Covered
1	Dhaka South City Corporation: Kamrangirchar - 2 Cows Dhalpur - 1 Cow	Dhaka City	60	5 kg	300	298
	Dhanmondi Area as mentioned below: Slum and street dwellers in Dhanmondi, Kalabagan, Kathalbagan, Hatirpul, GreenRoad, New Market, Azimpur, Royer Bazar & Lalbag - 19 Cow	Dhaka City	400	5 kg	2000	1987
	Dhaka North City Corporation: Mirpur - 2 Cow	Dhaka City	40	5 kg	200	202
2	Hajigonj in Chandpur district -1 Cow Kachua in Chandpur District - 1 Cow	Chandpur	40	5 kg	200	199
3	Rupgonj in Narayongonj District - 3 Cow	Narayongonj	60	5 kg	300	301
4	Sonargaon in Narayangonj District -1 Cow	Narayangonj	20	5 kg	100	100



5	Morrelgonj in Bagerhat District - 1 Cow	Bagerhat	20	5 kg	100	105
7	Durgapur in Netrakona District - 1 Cow	Netrakona	20	5 kg	100	102
8	Durmut in Jamalpur district - 1 Cow	Jamalpur	20	5 kg	100	106
<b>Total</b>			<b>680</b>	<b>5 kg</b>	<b>3400</b>	<b>4080</b>

6. List the indicators from the log frame and their results. If we did not achieve the intended results, explain why. \*

The indicators and results mentioned in the log frame are:

- 1) Food and nutrition deficiencies addressed among 680 families and 4080 members living in extreme poverty.
- 2) During the Eid ul Adha the 4080 beneficiaries' mental satisfaction and well-being uphold remarkably which demonstrated through their behaviour in testing the cooked meat.
- 3) 680 disadvantaged families and their member had enjoyed their holy religious festival with joyful mind and full satisfaction through receiving the meat from zero hunger/quarbarani project.

HCI supported Qurbani 2023 in Bangladesh project achieved the complete result set in the proposal.

- 1) 680 families (households) and 4080 members living in poverty line and incapable to afford cost of buying animal for Qurbani were supported with each 5 kg fresh meat
- 2) The members of 680 families including children had a good time and enjoyed the Eid-ul-Adha (Qurbani) festival with huge mental satisfaction and pleasure
- 3) The beneficiary families had an opportunity to pray to Allah with a spiritual mentality for themselves and the contributors to Qurbani project.

7. Narrate/describe the process of implementation from the beginning to the end. \*

The project aimed to support the beneficiary families living in poverty line with fresh meat on the event of Qurbani, one of the greatest Muslim religious festival. The project planned help the people living in the poverty line and does not have an opportunity to manage meat for a good meal even for months. The project created a great scope for the unfortunate families having a good time during the Eid festival.

The beneficiaries were selected through a quick survey in the project locations. SUROVI responsible staffs and volunteers conducted the survey. Community leaders assist them.

The project team extended its best effort to implement the project activities as guided by HCI Canada to ensure quality and achieve the outcomes of the project. The project carried out the



following activities and procedure.

The project beneficiaries were selected as per selection criteria of the project i.e considering family income below \$ 3 per day, single parent family (female headed), family size 5-7 members, having children below 18 years and attend school, person with disability in the family, families unable to afford purchasing animal for Qurbani.

SUROVI also followed guidelines for selecting animals for sacrifice/Qurbani i.e cows are above 2 years old and they were healthy and no physical defect.

This year the cows were purchased from Dhaka City, Netrokona, Chandpur, Narayongonj, Jamalpur and Bagerhat.

The purchase committee of SUROVI surveyed the market before buying the bulls within the affordable cost. The price was higher comparatively the past years. The committee had to struggle hard to manage the bulls within our budgeted allocations.

The number of cows was 33, location wise (district) distribution: Dhaka –24, Chandpur-2, Jamalpur-1, Bagerhat -1, Netrokona -1 and Narayongonj- 4.

The cows were sacrificed on the day of Eid-ul-Adha (Qurbani) at respective project locations: Dhanmondi, Mirpur, Kamrangirchar, Dhalpur in Dhaka, Hajigonj and Kochua in Chandpur, Morelgonj in Bagerhat, Durgapur in Netrokona, Durmuth in Jamalpur, Rupgonj and Sonargaon in Nayangonj.

Fresh meat was distributed in the project locations among the beneficiary families.

A total of 3400 kg neat was distributed among 680 selected families. Each of the beneficiary families received 5 kg fresh meat. The meat was packed in a bag (printed with HCI logo) before distribution.

The selected and listed beneficiary stood in queue and received meat. A distribution sheet was prepared and the beneficiary received the meat put their signature/ finger print.

The activities were monitored by SUROVI management staffs, community leaders and local government authority. Community volunteers helped to distribute meat.

8. Attach the final budget and receipt log based on the template provided. If you have additional comments to share on the final budget, please share here. \*

Final budget and receipt log attached

9. How were people affected by the crisis (including vulnerable and marginalized groups) involved and consulted in the design and implementation of the project/program? \*

The families living in poverty line are living hand to mouth. They cannot meet their basic needs such as food &



nutrition, shelter and healthy environment. The earning level of this section is so inadequate that they cannot even think to afford observing festivals like Eid-ul-Adha (Qurbani). The poor and ultra poor families in our country pass a very unhappy time with their children, PWDs and elderly members of the family seeing the other well-off families observing Eid festival that creates huge negative impression particularly on their children.

Before designing the project SUROVI shared the views of the project with the vulnerable families and collected their opinions on their needs that were much helpful to design and implement the project.

10. What did the beneficiaries think about the assistance provided? If possible, quantify beneficiary feedback (for instance “40% of consulted persons find the received support useful”; or 18% of those consulted had complaints”).

The poor and ultra poor families in Bangladesh cannot meet the expense of Qurbani. Covid-19 pandemic that made the poverty situation more vulnerable. The poorest families were unable to manage any meat during the festival. “Qurbani 2023 in Bangladesh” project brought opportunity for 680 ultra poor families to celebrate the Muslim religious festival providing them fresh meat.

The families received the support were happy and expressed their satisfactions. They said, animals are costly in Bangladesh which is beyond their capacity to purchase; it was not possible for them to arrange meat too because it is also expensive. So their children could not able to taste of meat in this festival without the support of HCI. They conveyed their heartiest thanks and prayed for the people who extended their support to the most vulnerable people like them.

11. Did we spend the money in a way that benefitted beneficiaries equally and fairly? If not, why?

Qurbani 2023 in Bangladesh project could distribute fresh meat to 680 families living below poverty line. Each of the families received 5 kg fresh meat. There was no variation between the plan and achievement of the project support. Head of the 680 families were present in the distribution spot to receive the meat. The project ensured distribution Token to each of the selected families earlier of distributing the meat. The project fund was spent fairly to purchase the bulls from the market in the competitive price. So the selected families got the meat equally.

12. Which feedback/complaints mechanisms were in place for affected populations to report cases of mismanagement, misconduct and/or sexual exploitation or abuse?

As a national civil society organization, SUROVI developed required policy and guidelines for the safety and well-being of its employees, beneficiaries and other stakeholders. The organization has Child Protection and Sexual Exploitation, Harassment & Abuse Policy in action. There is a focal person from senior management team of the organization (female) on Child Protection & Sexual Exploitation, Harassment & Abuse who is responsible to take immediate action if any occurrence noticed. Any victim can inform her if any incident occurs at the community level in project locations in written or verbal. The focal person informs the issue to the Executive Director immediately. The Executive Director forms an inquiry committee to investigate the incident. Necessary punitive action is taken on the basis of investigation report and recommendations and as per policy of the



organization against the person if proved guilty. There is another focal person (The Admin Officer) to hear the mismanagement or misconduct committed by any staff/volunteer of the organization. Similar procedure is followed to take disciplinary measures against the faulty person.

13. How did the project contribute to the resilience of communities, or how it has supported local NGOs' capacity.

People living in the poverty line deprived from their basic rights of proper food, dwelling facilities, clothes, health facilities etc. The matter of fact, they cannot afford enough food because of their low earnings. Support from the well-off people celebrating Eid-ul-Adha for thousands of ultra poor slum and street dwellers are truly insufficient. This poor section is derived from celebrating this sort of event, so they are the appropriate target population for supporting with meat in the occasion. Under this situation, the program aid relived the stress among the vulnerable slum and street dwellers supporting them with meat to celebrate Eid-ul-Adha. SUROVI enhanced to build up its capacity through implementing the project in urban and rural locations and has huge opportunity to reach a number of rural population living below poverty line in different districts who never had opportunity to celebrate Eid-ul-Adha. SUROVI to expand project support to poverty stricken rural areas. The support also covered the slum dwellers to ensuring food security and nutrition.

14. HCI requires a catalogue or inventory of any equipment, capital goods, or other assets that were purchased with project money, and information about how they will be transferred, disposed of, or otherwise dealt with when the project ends. Provide this information here.

No equipment, capital goods or other assets has been purchased with the project fund under "Qurbani 2023 in Bangladesh" Project

15. Lessons learned: A) Describe primarily the strongest or weakest parts of the project, or what parts or strategies made the project successful or a failure, and explain what we learned from these. B) What are suggestions for improving the design of similar interventions in the future?

Strength:

SUROVI has a good management and long experience staff to implement this type project. It has created strong relationship with the community people especially with the volunteers' that support project beneficiary identification and implementation of project.

Weakness:

We had no well preparation with a shed for meeting the unwanted situation due to heavy rain all over the country during the Qurbani day. We shall get prepared for the next to mitigate this type situation.

Recommendations

The beneficiaries are highly pleased to who have ensured the happiness of holy Eid ul Adha for the



people who are really unable to fulfill their food by themselves. They are grateful and prayed for the sacrifice of the contributor and their blessed by the almighty Allah. They expect your support in future.

As this project is highly beneficial for the ultra poor families so SUROVI is willing to continue the support to who expect and deserve through this Qurbani activity.

16. Can we scale the project? Or replicate these results in other contexts? *\*Please do not include continuing to fund the same project here.\**

Considering the experience and benefits of the project we can extend our support to same category families with other support for enhancing the capacity of employment and income generation which will be more sustainable development for the vulnerable families/ community.

## PHOTOS OF QURBANI ACTIVITIES Cows (Location wise)

### Dhanmondi Area -19 Cow

(Dhanmondi, Kalabagan, Kathalbagan, Hatirpul, GreenRoad, New Market, Azimpur, Royer Bazar & Lalbag)







Dhalpur, Dhaka south City - 01 Cow





Kamrangirchar, Dhaka south City - 01 Cow



Lalbag, Dhaka south City - 01 Cow



Mirpur-11, Dhaka North City - 01 Cow





Mirpur-13, Dhaka North City - 01 Cow



Out of Dhaka

Morrelgonj in Bagerhat District 01 Cow





Hajigonj in Chandpur district -01 Cow



Kachua in Chandpur District - 01 Cow



Rupgonj in Narayongonj District - 03 Cow





Durgapur in Netrakona District - 01 Cow





Sonargaon in Narayangonj District - 01 Cow



Durmut in Jamalpur district - 01 Cow

